

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A DPSK receiver to receive a DPSK signal transmitted by a DPSK transmitter, comprising:
 - means for converting the input signal to in-phase and quadrature components;
 - a differential demodulator to determine a demodulated phase by comparing the in-phase and quadrature components with a first delayed, conjugated version of the in-phase and quadrature components;
 - a frequency offset calculation circuit to determine a frequency offset between an oscillator in the DPSK receiver and an oscillator in the DPSK transmitter by comparing the in-phase and quadrature components with a second delayed, conjugated version of the in-phase and quadrature components;
 - a frequency correction circuit to correct the demodulated phase using the frequency offset into a corrected phase;
 - a phase correction circuit to determine an absolute phase using the corrected phase; and
 - a symbol mapping circuit to map the absolute phase to an output symbol, comprising one or more bits of data.
2. The DPSK receiver recited in claim 1, comprising a glitch filter to filter the frequency offsets to remove noise and glitches caused by phase transients between symbols.
3. The DPSK receiver recited in claim 1, wherein the delay associated with the first delayed version of the I and Q components in the differential demodulator is approximately one symbol interval.
4. The DPSK receiver recited in claim 1, wherein the delay associated with the second version of the I and Q components in the frequency offset calculation circuit is approximately one sample interval.

5. The DPSK receiver recited in claim 1, further comprising an optimal sample calculation circuit to determine an optimal sample to use to determine the demodulated phase and the frequency offset.
6. The DPSK receiver recited in claim 5, wherein the optimal sample calculation circuit determines the optimal sample as the sample associated with a peak amplitude of the combined in-phase and quadrature components of each sample in each symbol interval.
7. The DPSK receiver recited in claim 5, comprising a glitch filter to filter the frequency offsets to remove noise and glitches caused by phase transients between symbols.
8. A method for demodulating a DPSK signal, comprising:
 - receiving the DPSK signal;
 - digitizing the DPSK signal;
 - converting the DPSK signal into its corresponding in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) components;
 - filtering the I and Q components to remove noise;
 - determining a phase associated with the I and Q components by comparing the I and Q components to a first delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components;
 - determining a frequency offset associated with the I and Q components by comparing the I and Q components to a second delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components;
 - adjusting the determined phase using the determined frequency offset;
 - converting the adjusted phase to an absolute phase; and
 - mapping the absolute phase to a symbol corresponding to one or more data bits.
9. The method recited in claim 8, wherein the step of determining the phase further comprises delaying the I and Q components by approximately one symbol interval and reversing

the sign of the Q component to generate the first delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components.

10. The method recited in claim 8, wherein the step of determining the frequency offset comprises delaying the I and Q components by approximately one sample interval and reversing the sign of the Q component to generate the second delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components.

11. The method recited in claim 8, further comprising removing glitches caused by phase transients between symbols.

12. The method recited in claim 8, further comprising determining an optimal sample to use in the steps of the determining the phase and frequency offset.

13. The method recited in claim 12, further comprising:
calculating an amplitude for each sample in a symbol interval; and
selecting the sample corresponding to the greatest amplitude as the optimal sample.

14. The method recited in claim 12, further comprising removing glitches caused by phase transients between symbols.

15. A system for demodulating a DPSK signal, comprising:
means for converting the DPSK signal into its corresponding in-phase (I) and quadrature (Q) components;
means for filtering the I and Q components to remove noise;
means for determining a phase associated with the I and Q components by comparing the I and Q components to a first delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components;

means for determining a frequency offset associated with the I and Q components by comparing the I and Q components to a second delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components;

means for adjusting the determine phase using the determined frequency offset;

means for converting the adjusted phase to an absolute phase; and

means for mapping the absolute phase to a symbol corresponding to one or more data bits.

16. The system recited in claim 15, further comprising means for delaying the I and Q components by approximately one symbol interval and reversing the sign of the Q component to generate the first delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components.

17. The system recited in claim 15, further comprising means for delaying the I and Q components by approximately one sample interval and reversing the sign of the Q component to generate the second delayed and conjugated version of the I and Q components.

18. The system recited in claim 15, further comprising means for removing glitches caused by phase transients between symbols.

19. The system recited in claim 15, further comprising means for determining an optimal sample to use for determining the phase and frequency offset.

20. The system recited in claim 19, further comprising:

means for calculating an amplitude for each sample in a symbol interval; and

means for selecting the sample corresponding to the greatest amplitude as the optimal sample.

21. The system recited in claim 20, further comprising means for removing glitches caused by phase transients between symbols.